

how to make a scrap quilt

How to make a scrap quilt is a rewarding and creative endeavor that allows quilters to utilize leftover fabric pieces while crafting a unique piece of art. Scrap quilts are not only economical but also a fantastic way to recycle fabric remnants from previous projects. In this article, we'll explore the steps involved in making a scrap quilt, tips for choosing and preparing your fabric, and techniques for assembly.

Understanding Scrap Quilts

Scrap quilts are made from various leftover fabrics, often in different colors, patterns, and textures. These quilts can be as simple or as intricate as the quilter desires, making them a versatile choice for both beginners and experienced quilters.

What Makes a Scrap Quilt Special?

1. **Personalized Design:** Scrap quilts often reflect the individual style and personality of the maker. Each piece of fabric tells a story, whether it's a cherished old shirt or fabric from a beloved project.
2. **Eco-Friendly:** By using scraps, quilters contribute to sustainability, reducing waste and making the most of available resources.
3. **Cost-Effective:** Utilizing leftover fabric saves money, allowing quilters to create beautiful quilts without the need to purchase new materials.

Gathering Materials

Before you start making a scrap quilt, it's essential to gather your materials. Here's a comprehensive list of what you'll need:

- Fabric scraps in various sizes and colors
- Rotary cutter and cutting mat
- Quilting ruler
- Thread (preferably cotton)
- Quilt batting
- Backing fabric

- Iron and ironing board
- Sewing machine
- Safety pins or basting spray
- Scissors

Choosing Your Fabric

Selecting the right fabric is crucial when making a scrap quilt. Here are some tips to help you choose:

Color Palette

Creating a cohesive color palette is essential for a visually appealing quilt. Consider the following approaches:

- Analogous Colors: Choose colors that are next to each other on the color wheel, such as blue, blue-green, and green.
- Complementary Colors: Select colors that are opposite each other on the color wheel, like blue and orange, to create a vibrant contrast.
- Monochromatic Scheme: Use different shades and tints of a single color for a subtle, cohesive look.

Fabric Types

Mixing different fabric types can add texture and interest to your quilt. Consider using:

- Cotton: The most common fabric for quilting due to its durability and ease of use.
- Flannel: Soft and warm, flannel can add a cozy touch.
- Novelty Fabrics: Fabrics with fun prints can be used sparingly for added interest.

Preparing Your Fabric

Once you've gathered your fabric, it's time to prepare it for quilting. Follow these steps:

1. Wash and Iron: Wash all fabric scraps to remove any dirt or chemicals. Iron them to ensure they lay flat, making it easier to cut and sew.
2. Cutting Scraps: Determine the size of the pieces you want to use. Common sizes for scrap quilts include 5-inch squares or 2.5-inch strips. Use a rotary cutter and ruler for precision.

Designing Your Quilt Layout

Before sewing, it's wise to plan your quilt layout. Here's how to do it:

Creating a Layout

1. **Trial Arrangement:** Lay out your fabric pieces on a flat surface to visualize how they will fit together. Experiment with different combinations and placements until you are satisfied with the design.
2. **Take Photos:** Once you find a layout you like, take photos to reference later when you begin sewing.
3. **Consider Patterns:** Think about whether you want a random layout, a specific pattern, or a structured arrangement like a checkerboard.

Sewing Your Scrap Quilt

Now that you have your design planned, it's time to start sewing. Follow these steps to sew your quilt together:

Step-by-Step Sewing Process

1. **Sewing Pieces Together:** Start sewing your fabric pieces together according to your layout. Use a consistent 1/4-inch seam allowance for accuracy.
2. **Pressing Seams:** After sewing each seam, press it open or to one side using an iron. This helps flatten the seams and ensures a neat finish.
3. **Assembling Rows:** Once all pieces are sewn together, assemble them into rows. Continue pressing seams as you go.
4. **Joining Rows:** After completing the rows, sew them together to form the larger quilt top.
5. **Final Press:** Give your quilt top a final press to ensure everything lies flat.

Adding Batting and Backing

With the quilt top completed, it's time to add batting and backing:

Choosing Batting

Batting is the layer between your quilt top and backing. Choose batting based on the desired warmth and loft:

- Cotton Batting: Provides a soft, natural feel and is great for quilts that will be washed frequently.
- Polyester Batting: Offers more loft and is less expensive, but may not have the same drape as cotton.
- Wool Batting: Adds warmth and is lightweight but can be costlier.

Preparing the Backing

1. Measure and Cut: Cut your backing fabric to be slightly larger than your quilt top (about 3-4 inches on each side) to allow for trimming later.
2. Layering: Lay the backing fabric right side down, followed by the batting, and then your quilt top right side up.
3. Basting: Use safety pins or basting spray to hold the layers together, preventing shifting during quilting.

Quilting Your Scrap Quilt

Quilting is the process of sewing through all three layers to hold them together. You can choose various quilting techniques:

Common Quilting Techniques

1. Straight Line Quilting: Simple and effective, this method involves sewing straight lines across the quilt in a grid pattern.
2. Free Motion Quilting: Allows for more creativity, as you can sew intricate designs and patterns on the quilt.
3. Walking Foot Quilting: A walking foot attachment helps evenly feed multiple layers of fabric through your sewing machine, making it ideal for straight line quilting.

Finishing Touches

After quilting, it's time to finish your quilt:

Trimming and Binding

1. Trim Edges: Carefully trim any excess batting and backing fabric to match the quilt top.
2. Binding Your Quilt: Cut strips of fabric for the binding (typically 2.5 inches wide). Fold the strips in half lengthwise, press, and sew them to the edges of the quilt, mitering corners as you go.
3. Final Press: Once the binding is attached, give your quilt a final press to smooth out any wrinkles.

Conclusion

Making a scrap quilt is a fulfilling project that combines creativity, sustainability, and personal expression. By following the steps outlined in this guide, you can create a beautiful quilt that not only keeps you warm but also tells a story through the fabric scraps you've collected. Embrace the imperfections and uniqueness of each piece, and enjoy the journey of crafting your very own scrap quilt. Happy quilting!

Frequently Asked Questions

What materials do I need to start making a scrap quilt?

You'll need a variety of fabric scraps, a rotary cutter, cutting mat, quilting ruler, sewing machine, thread, batting, and a backing fabric.

How do I choose fabric scraps for my quilt?

Select fabrics that complement each other in color and pattern. Consider using a color palette or theme to unify your quilt.

What is the best way to cut my fabric scraps?

Use a rotary cutter and quilting ruler for straight cuts. Cut your scraps into uniform shapes, like squares or triangles, for easier piecing.

How do I plan the layout for my scrap quilt?

Lay out your fabric pieces on a design wall or floor. Experiment with different arrangements until you find a layout that you like.

What is the typical size of a scrap quilt?

Scrap quilts can vary in size, but a common lap quilt size is around 50x65 inches. You can adjust dimensions based on your preference.

How do I piece together the fabric scraps?

Sew the fabric pieces together using a quarter-inch seam allowance. Press seams open or to one side as you go for a flat finish.

What type of batting should I use for my scrap quilt?

Choose a batting that suits your desired weight and warmth. Cotton batting is popular for its breathability, while polyester is lighter and more durable.

What is the best way to quilt my finished top?

You can quilt by machine or hand. Popular methods include straight line quilting, free motion quilting, or using a walking foot for evenly spaced stitches.

How do I finish the edges of my scrap quilt?

Trim the edges of your quilt sandwich, then add binding by cutting strips of fabric, sewing them around the edges, and folding them over to finish.

Can I use old clothing to make a scrap quilt?

Absolutely! Repurposing old clothing adds character to your quilt. Just ensure the fabrics are compatible and clean before use.

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